

Tetrakis[μ -*N,N'*-bis(4-bromophenyl)-formamidinato- κ^2 N:N']-dimolybdenum(II) tetrahydrofuran solvate

L.-J. Han

Department of Chemistry, Tongji University, Shanghai 200092, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: 08hanlij@tongji.edu.cn

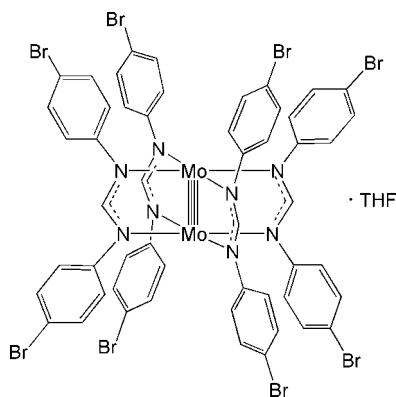
Received 15 February 2011; accepted 25 March 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.010$ Å; some non-H atoms missing; R factor = 0.055; wR factor = 0.151; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.9.

The title complex, $[\text{Mo}_2(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{N}_2\text{Br}_2)_4] \cdot \text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$, contains a quadruply bonded Mo_2^{4+} unit equatorially coordinated by four *N,N'*-bis(4-bromophenyl)formamidinate ligands, forming a dimetal paddlewheel complex. The centroid of the Mo—Mo bond is located on a special position with $2/m$ symmetry. In the crystal, complex molecules are linked by $\text{Br} \cdots \text{Br}$ interactions [3.7049 (10) Å]. The disordered solvent molecule could not be satisfactorily modelled and was therefore eliminated from the final refinement.

Related literature

For the nature of halogen–halogen interactions, see: Domercq *et al.* (2001); Espallargas *et al.* (2006). For $\text{Br} \cdots \text{Br}$ interactions, see: Fujiwara *et al.* (2006); Reddy *et al.* (1996). For the use of intermolecular interactions in supramolecular synthesis, see: Brammer (2004); Desiraju (1995, 2001).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Mo}_2(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{N}_2\text{Br}_2)_4] \cdot \text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$
 $M_r = 1604.05$
 Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 21.795$ (4) Å
 $b = 10.077$ (2) Å
 $c = 29.967$ (6) Å
 $\beta = 110.67$ (3)°
 $V = 6158$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 5.64$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.15 \times 0.13 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

BRUKER SMART 1000 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2004)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.429$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.569$
 25098 measured reflections
 5995 independent reflections
 3563 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.119$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.151$
 $S = 1.01$
 5995 reflections
 317 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.09$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.11$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	2.1263 (13)	Mo1—N1 ⁱ	2.198 (5)
Mo1—N3	2.192 (5)	Mo1—N2	2.218 (5)
Mo1—N4 ⁱ	2.195 (5)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: XP (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97 and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

This work was supported by the National Natural Scientific Foundation of China (No.20741004/B010303).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FF2002).

References

Brammer, L. (2004). *Chem. Soc. Rev.* **33**, 476–489.
 Bruker. (2001). *SAINTE-Plus*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Bruker. (2004). *APEX2*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Desiraju, G. R. (1995). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **34**, 2311–2327.
 Desiraju, G. R. (2001). *Nature*, **412**, 397–400.
 Domercq, B., Devic, T., Fourmigué, M., Auban-Senzier, P. & Canadell, E. (2001). *J. Mater. Chem.* **11**, 1570–1575.
 Espallargas, G. M., Brammer, L. & Sherwood, P. (2006). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **45**, 435–440.
 Fujiwara, H., Hayashi, T., Sugimoto, T., Nakazumi, H., Noguchi, S., Li, L., Yokogawa, K., Yasuzuka, S., Murata, K. & Mori, T. (2006). *Inorg. Chem.* **45**, 5712–5714.
 Reddy, D. S., Craig, D. C. & Desiraju, G. R. (1996). *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **118**, 4090–4093.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2004). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
 Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m514 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811011202]

Tetrakis[μ -*N,N'*-bis(4-bromophenyl)formamidinato- κ^2 *N:N'*]dimolybdenum(II) tetrahydrofuran solvate

L.-J. Han

Comment

One of the main interests of crystal engineering is the study of intermolecular interactions and their utilization in supramolecular synthesis (Desiraju 1995; Desiraju 2001; Brammer 2004). These interactions range from strong forces, *e.g.*, classical hydrogen bonds, to weaker ones, *e.g.*, halogen...halogen interactions. The nature of the halogen...halogen interactions has been studied both through extensive crystallographic investigation and using *ab initio* calculations (Domercq *et al.*, 2001; Espallargas *et al.*, 2006). Here we report intermolecular Br...Br interactions in the crystal structure $\text{Mo}_2(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{N}_2\text{Br}_2)_4 \cdot \text{THF}$.

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig.1. The molecule of $\text{Mo}_2(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{N}_2\text{Br}_2)_4$ (I) occupies a special position on an inversion center, and the Mo—Mo distance is 2.1263 (13) Å, which is in the range of dimolybdenum quadruple bonds. Bromine atoms participate in short contacts (3.7049 (10) Å) linking the molecules of (I) into planes. This value is significantly shorter than van der Waals contact distance (3.90 Å) (Reddy *et al.*, 1996; Fujiwara *et al.*, 2006).

Experimental

A mixture yellow $\text{Mo}_2(\text{OOCCH}_3)_4$ (0.128 g, 0.300 mmol) and *N,N'*-bis(4-bromophenyl)formamidinate (0.425 g, 1.20 mmol) was suspended in 20 ml of THF. While stirring, 2.4 ml $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ solution (0.5 M in ethanol) was added slowly. The colour turned first to red and then to dark red. The reaction was stirred for 5 h at room temperature, and then the volume of the solvent was reduced to about 3 ml under reduced pressure. The residue was washed with distilled water (3×10 ml) and ethanol (8 ml) and dried under vacuum. The yellow solid was dissolved in THF (15 ml) and the solution was layered with hexanes. Yellow block-shaped crystals formed after several days. Yield: 0.342 g (71%). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3 , p.p.m.): 8.41(s, 4H, -NCHN-), 7.10(d, 16H, aromatic), 6.06(d, 16H, aromatic). Anal. Calcd. $\text{C}_{52}\text{H}_{36}\text{Mo}_2\text{N}_8\text{Br}_8$: C, 38.94; H, 2.26; N, 6.99; Found: C, 38.78; H, 2.17; N, 7.08.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93, 0.97 and 0.96 Å, for aromatic, methylene, and methyl H atoms, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, where $x = 1.5$ for methyl H and $x = 1.2$ for aromatic H atoms.

A search for solvent-accessible voids in the crystal structure using *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) showed a potential solvent volume of 829.4 Å³ and subsequent application of *SQUEEZE* procedures showed four relevant voids each with a solvent-accessible volume of 207 Å³. The *SQUEEZE* procedure was used to eliminate the contribution of the electron density in the solvent region from the intensity data, and the solvent-free model was employed in the final refinement.

Figures

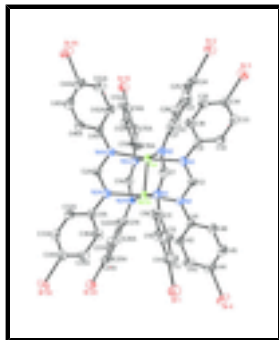


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound drawn with displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level. All hydrogen atoms have been omitted for clarity. Atoms with suffix A are generated by the symmetry operation $(-x + 1/2, -y + 1/2, -z)$.

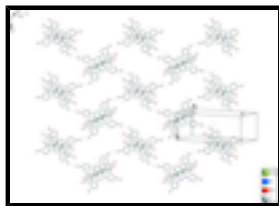


Fig. 2. Part of a two-dimensional plane of the title compound. Br...Br interactions are drawn with blue dashed lines.

Tetrakis[μ -*N,N'*-bis(4-bromophenyl) formamidinato- κ^2 *N:N'*]dimolybdenum(II) tetrahydrofuran solvate

Crystal data

$[\text{Mo}_2(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{N}_2\text{Br}_2)_4] \cdot \text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$

$M_r = 1604.05$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: $-C 2yc$

$a = 21.795$ (4) Å

$b = 10.077$ (2) Å

$c = 29.967$ (6) Å

$\beta = 110.67$ (3)°

$V = 6158$ (2) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 3072$

$D_x = 1.730$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 3824 reflections

$\theta = 2.6$ – 27.4 °

$\mu = 5.64$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Block, yellow

$0.15 \times 0.13 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

BRUKER SMART 1000
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite

ω -scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2004)

$T_{\min} = 0.429$, $T_{\max} = 0.569$

25098 measured reflections

5995 independent reflections

3563 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.119$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 3.4$ °

$h = -26 \rightarrow 26$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -36 \rightarrow 36$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.151$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0563P)^2]$
$S = 1.01$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
5995 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
317 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.09 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.11 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL</i> , $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001 \times Fc^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.00036 (7)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Mo1	0.28396 (3)	0.20871 (5)	0.031782 (19)	0.0376 (2)
N1	0.2149 (3)	0.1089 (5)	-0.07230 (18)	0.0397 (13)
N2	0.2911 (3)	0.0167 (4)	-0.00225 (18)	0.0385 (13)
N3	0.3695 (3)	0.2759 (5)	0.01561 (19)	0.0404 (13)
N4	0.2950 (3)	0.3690 (5)	-0.05383 (18)	0.0405 (13)
Br1	0.05852 (5)	0.01976 (10)	-0.28619 (3)	0.0768 (3)
Br2	0.49853 (4)	-0.41859 (7)	0.08672 (3)	0.0659 (3)
Br3	0.64761 (5)	0.06765 (10)	0.13147 (4)	0.0836 (3)
Br4	0.23690 (6)	0.65632 (11)	-0.24584 (3)	0.0954 (4)
C1	0.2551 (4)	0.0100 (6)	-0.0494 (2)	0.0425 (16)
H1A	0.2583	-0.0652	-0.0664	0.051*
C2	0.3574 (4)	0.3392 (6)	-0.0260 (2)	0.0438 (16)
H2A	0.3919	0.3628	-0.0357	0.053*
C11	0.1773 (3)	0.0879 (6)	-0.1214 (2)	0.0380 (15)
C12	0.1655 (4)	0.1926 (7)	-0.1543 (2)	0.0535 (19)
H12A	0.1805	0.2772	-0.1434	0.064*

supplementary materials

C13	0.1316 (4)	0.1730 (7)	-0.2030 (3)	0.061 (2)
H13A	0.1260	0.2429	-0.2243	0.073*
C14	0.1062 (4)	0.0477 (8)	-0.2194 (3)	0.057 (2)
C15	0.1144 (4)	-0.0577 (7)	-0.1874 (3)	0.058 (2)
H15A	0.0977	-0.1413	-0.1983	0.070*
C16	0.1481 (4)	-0.0353 (7)	-0.1390 (3)	0.0530 (19)
H16A	0.1515	-0.1041	-0.1176	0.064*
C21	0.3353 (3)	-0.0897 (5)	0.0191 (2)	0.0360 (14)
C22	0.3289 (4)	-0.2199 (6)	-0.0001 (2)	0.0482 (18)
H22A	0.2927	-0.2411	-0.0268	0.058*
C23	0.3763 (4)	-0.3170 (6)	0.0208 (3)	0.0543 (19)
H23A	0.3713	-0.4021	0.0080	0.065*
C24	0.4313 (4)	-0.2864 (6)	0.0608 (3)	0.0467 (17)
C25	0.4366 (3)	-0.1634 (6)	0.0815 (2)	0.0451 (17)
H25A	0.4722	-0.1442	0.1089	0.054*
C26	0.3889 (4)	-0.0670 (6)	0.0615 (2)	0.0472 (18)
H26A	0.3925	0.0147	0.0767	0.057*
C31	0.4360 (3)	0.2377 (6)	0.0422 (2)	0.0401 (15)
C32	0.4763 (4)	0.1811 (6)	0.0178 (2)	0.0462 (17)
H32A	0.4607	0.1762	-0.0153	0.055*
C33	0.5399 (4)	0.1330 (7)	0.0446 (3)	0.0512 (18)
H33A	0.5662	0.0970	0.0291	0.061*
C34	0.5629 (4)	0.1401 (7)	0.0945 (3)	0.0513 (18)
C35	0.5243 (4)	0.1974 (6)	0.1187 (3)	0.0514 (19)
H35A	0.5403	0.2040	0.1518	0.062*
C36	0.4613 (4)	0.2443 (6)	0.0918 (2)	0.0490 (18)
H36A	0.4357	0.2810	0.1077	0.059*
C41	0.2845 (3)	0.4385 (6)	-0.0982 (2)	0.0406 (16)
C42	0.2423 (4)	0.5467 (6)	-0.1095 (2)	0.0527 (19)
H42A	0.2231	0.5759	-0.0881	0.063*
C43	0.2285 (4)	0.6121 (7)	-0.1536 (3)	0.064 (2)
H43A	0.2004	0.6848	-0.1612	0.077*
C44	0.2570 (4)	0.5676 (7)	-0.1857 (3)	0.060 (2)
C45	0.2992 (4)	0.4573 (7)	-0.1745 (3)	0.060 (2)
H45A	0.3176	0.4271	-0.1963	0.072*
C46	0.3135 (4)	0.3926 (7)	-0.1302 (2)	0.0509 (18)
H46A	0.3419	0.3204	-0.1224	0.061*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Mo1	0.0420 (4)	0.0429 (3)	0.0298 (3)	0.0039 (2)	0.0151 (3)	-0.0015 (2)
N1	0.042 (4)	0.046 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.016 (3)	-0.004 (2)
N2	0.042 (4)	0.039 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.016 (3)	-0.002 (2)
N3	0.035 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.015 (3)	-0.001 (2)
N4	0.045 (4)	0.046 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.014 (3)	0.006 (2)
Br1	0.0584 (6)	0.1298 (8)	0.0361 (5)	-0.0046 (5)	0.0089 (4)	-0.0152 (4)
Br2	0.0648 (6)	0.0618 (5)	0.0715 (6)	0.0196 (4)	0.0245 (5)	0.0237 (4)

Br3	0.0522 (6)	0.1145 (8)	0.0780 (7)	0.0227 (5)	0.0152 (5)	0.0185 (5)
Br4	0.1135 (10)	0.1272 (8)	0.0507 (6)	0.0062 (7)	0.0352 (6)	0.0316 (5)
C1	0.051 (5)	0.040 (3)	0.038 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.011 (3)
C2	0.052 (5)	0.045 (3)	0.035 (4)	0.005 (3)	0.017 (4)	0.000 (3)
C11	0.037 (4)	0.052 (4)	0.028 (3)	0.000 (3)	0.014 (3)	-0.009 (3)
C12	0.060 (5)	0.049 (4)	0.044 (4)	-0.008 (3)	0.010 (4)	0.000 (3)
C13	0.069 (6)	0.065 (5)	0.045 (4)	-0.011 (4)	0.017 (4)	0.006 (4)
C14	0.042 (5)	0.095 (6)	0.033 (4)	0.003 (4)	0.011 (4)	-0.005 (4)
C15	0.056 (6)	0.057 (4)	0.052 (5)	0.002 (4)	0.006 (4)	-0.012 (4)
C16	0.051 (5)	0.059 (4)	0.044 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.011 (4)	0.001 (3)
C21	0.035 (4)	0.042 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.000 (3)
C22	0.046 (5)	0.044 (4)	0.048 (4)	0.000 (3)	0.008 (4)	-0.003 (3)
C23	0.053 (5)	0.045 (4)	0.066 (5)	0.002 (3)	0.023 (4)	-0.005 (4)
C24	0.049 (5)	0.044 (4)	0.050 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.022 (4)	0.010 (3)
C25	0.041 (5)	0.046 (4)	0.039 (4)	-0.004 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C26	0.057 (5)	0.038 (3)	0.044 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.015 (4)	-0.004 (3)
C31	0.037 (4)	0.049 (4)	0.041 (4)	0.001 (3)	0.022 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C32	0.045 (5)	0.056 (4)	0.038 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.014 (4)	-0.002 (3)
C33	0.055 (5)	0.057 (4)	0.048 (4)	-0.005 (3)	0.026 (4)	0.000 (3)
C34	0.040 (5)	0.059 (4)	0.060 (5)	-0.002 (3)	0.023 (4)	0.002 (4)
C35	0.057 (5)	0.051 (4)	0.043 (4)	0.001 (3)	0.013 (4)	0.000 (3)
C36	0.052 (5)	0.050 (4)	0.048 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.021 (4)	-0.010 (3)
C41	0.040 (4)	0.052 (4)	0.033 (4)	-0.004 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.005 (3)
C42	0.065 (6)	0.058 (4)	0.041 (4)	0.006 (4)	0.028 (4)	0.002 (3)
C43	0.078 (7)	0.056 (4)	0.053 (5)	0.006 (4)	0.018 (5)	0.008 (4)
C44	0.071 (6)	0.064 (5)	0.042 (4)	-0.012 (4)	0.015 (4)	0.001 (4)
C45	0.072 (6)	0.073 (5)	0.049 (5)	-0.008 (4)	0.039 (5)	-0.009 (4)
C46	0.054 (5)	0.064 (4)	0.041 (4)	0.008 (4)	0.025 (4)	0.005 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	2.1263 (13)	C21—C26	1.410 (9)
Mo1—N3	2.192 (5)	C21—C22	1.419 (8)
Mo1—N4 ⁱ	2.195 (5)	C22—C23	1.400 (9)
Mo1—N1 ⁱ	2.198 (5)	C22—H22A	0.9300
Mo1—N2	2.218 (5)	C23—C24	1.398 (10)
N1—C1	1.345 (8)	C23—H23A	0.9300
N1—C11	1.424 (7)	C24—C25	1.372 (9)
N1—Mo1 ⁱ	2.198 (5)	C25—C26	1.395 (9)
N2—C1	1.353 (8)	C25—H25A	0.9300
N2—C21	1.432 (7)	C26—H26A	0.9300
N3—C2	1.341 (8)	C31—C36	1.393 (9)
N3—C31	1.439 (8)	C31—C32	1.444 (9)
N4—C2	1.353 (8)	C32—C33	1.419 (9)
N4—C41	1.448 (7)	C32—H32A	0.9300
N4—Mo1 ⁱ	2.195 (5)	C33—C34	1.401 (9)
Br1—C14	1.924 (7)	C33—H33A	0.9300
Br2—C24	1.929 (7)	C34—C35	1.413 (10)

supplementary materials

Br3—C34	1.930 (7)	C35—C36	1.406 (9)
Br4—C44	1.919 (7)	C35—H35A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9300	C36—H36A	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9300	C41—C42	1.389 (9)
C11—C12	1.404 (8)	C41—C46	1.402 (8)
C11—C16	1.410 (9)	C42—C43	1.411 (9)
C12—C13	1.398 (9)	C42—H42A	0.9300
C12—H12A	0.9300	C43—C44	1.390 (10)
C13—C14	1.396 (10)	C43—H43A	0.9300
C13—H13A	0.9300	C44—C45	1.405 (11)
C14—C15	1.399 (10)	C45—C46	1.412 (9)
C15—C16	1.393 (9)	C45—H45A	0.9300
C15—H15A	0.9300	C46—H46A	0.9300
C16—H16A	0.9300		
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—N3	93.36 (14)	C23—C22—H22A	119.5
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—N4 ⁱ	92.14 (14)	C21—C22—H22A	119.5
N3—Mo1—N4 ⁱ	174.47 (19)	C24—C23—C22	120.2 (6)
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—N1 ⁱ	92.07 (14)	C24—C23—H23A	119.9
N3—Mo1—N1 ⁱ	91.09 (19)	C22—C23—H23A	119.9
N4 ⁱ —Mo1—N1 ⁱ	89.39 (19)	C25—C24—C23	119.8 (6)
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—N2	93.96 (14)	C25—C24—Br2	120.7 (5)
N3—Mo1—N2	87.97 (18)	C23—C24—Br2	119.5 (5)
N4 ⁱ —Mo1—N2	90.97 (18)	C24—C25—C26	120.3 (6)
N1 ⁱ —Mo1—N2	173.9 (2)	C24—C25—H25A	119.9
C1—N1—C11	116.9 (5)	C26—C25—H25A	119.9
C1—N1—Mo1 ⁱ	117.3 (4)	C25—C26—C21	121.9 (6)
C11—N1—Mo1 ⁱ	125.8 (4)	C25—C26—H26A	119.0
C1—N2—C21	118.6 (5)	C21—C26—H26A	119.0
C1—N2—Mo1	114.5 (4)	C36—C31—N3	121.4 (6)
C21—N2—Mo1	126.4 (4)	C36—C31—C32	118.4 (6)
C2—N3—C31	118.2 (6)	N3—C31—C32	120.0 (6)
C2—N3—Mo1	116.6 (5)	C33—C32—C31	119.7 (6)
C31—N3—Mo1	124.4 (4)	C33—C32—H32A	120.1
C2—N4—C41	118.2 (6)	C31—C32—H32A	120.1
C2—N4—Mo1 ⁱ	117.3 (4)	C34—C33—C32	119.7 (7)
C41—N4—Mo1 ⁱ	124.2 (4)	C34—C33—H33A	120.1
N1—C1—N2	122.0 (5)	C32—C33—H33A	120.1
N1—C1—H1A	119.0	C33—C34—C35	121.0 (7)
N2—C1—H1A	119.0	C33—C34—Br3	120.1 (6)
N3—C2—N4	120.3 (6)	C35—C34—Br3	118.8 (6)
N3—C2—H2A	119.9	C36—C35—C34	118.7 (7)
N4—C2—H2A	119.9	C36—C35—H35A	120.6
C12—C11—C16	116.8 (6)	C34—C35—H35A	120.6
C12—C11—N1	120.7 (6)	C31—C36—C35	122.3 (7)
C16—C11—N1	122.5 (6)	C31—C36—H36A	118.9
C13—C12—C11	121.7 (6)	C35—C36—H36A	118.9

C13—C12—H12A	119.2	C42—C41—C46	120.8 (6)
C11—C12—H12A	119.2	C42—C41—N4	118.7 (6)
C14—C13—C12	119.5 (7)	C46—C41—N4	120.3 (6)
C14—C13—H13A	120.2	C41—C42—C43	119.9 (6)
C12—C13—H13A	120.2	C41—C42—H42A	120.0
C13—C14—C15	120.5 (7)	C43—C42—H42A	120.0
C13—C14—Br1	120.0 (6)	C44—C43—C42	119.8 (7)
C15—C14—Br1	119.5 (6)	C44—C43—H43A	120.1
C16—C15—C14	118.8 (7)	C42—C43—H43A	120.1
C16—C15—H15A	120.6	C43—C44—C45	120.4 (7)
C14—C15—H15A	120.6	C43—C44—Br4	119.3 (6)
C15—C16—C11	122.4 (7)	C45—C44—Br4	120.3 (6)
C15—C16—H16A	118.8	C44—C45—C46	119.9 (7)
C11—C16—H16A	118.8	C44—C45—H45A	120.1
C26—C21—C22	116.5 (6)	C46—C45—H45A	120.1
C26—C21—N2	119.6 (5)	C41—C46—C45	119.2 (6)
C22—C21—N2	123.9 (6)	C41—C46—H46A	120.4
C23—C22—C21	120.9 (7)	C45—C46—H46A	120.4

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z$.

Fig. 1

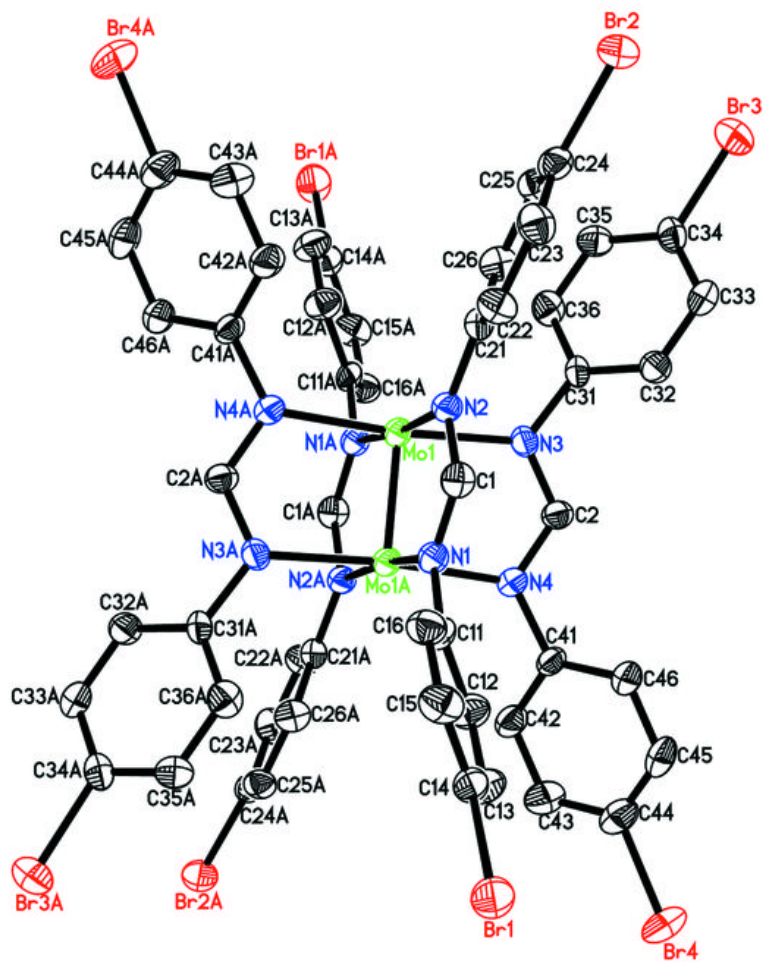


Fig. 2

